



6-1863

Jacksonville Republican | June 1863

Jacksonville Republican (Jacksonville, Ala. : 1837-1895)

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.jsu.edu/lib_ac_jackrepub

Recommended Citation

Jacksonville Republican (Jacksonville, Ala. : 1837-1895), "Jacksonville Republican | June 1863" (1863).
Jacksonville Republican. 236.
https://digitalcommons.jsu.edu/lib_ac_jackrepub/236

This Book is brought to you for free and open access by the Historical Newspapers at JSU Digital Commons. It has been accepted for inclusion in Jacksonville Republican by an authorized administrator of JSU Digital Commons. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@jsu.edu.

JUNE

Jacksonville Republican.

"The Price of Liberty is eternal Vigilance."

VOL. 27, NO. 21.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA., JUNE 6, 1863.

WHOLE NO. 1380

Jacksonville Republican

Published every Saturday morning by

J. F. GRANT.

At two dollars per annum, in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One dollar per square for the first

insertion, and fifty cents per square for

each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements for office fire

insurance, and all other notices, charged at

advertising rates.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of James S. Williams late of Calhoun

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of Calhoun

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make payment.

May 23. SARAH J. BROOKS.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

Executors Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

NEW FIRM

SHIP IN THE TANNING BUSINESS

under the name and style of Mitchell

and Brady. Their yard is the same as the

one owned by Vernon and Brady, and is

located on the north side of Jacksonville.

L. C. MITCHELL.

J. Z. BRADY.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

persons having claims against said estate, to

present them, legally authenticated, within

the time prescribed by law, or they will be

barred, and all persons indebted to said estate

are requested to make immediate payment.

May 2. YANNEY BURKE, Adm.

Administrators Notice.

LETTERS of Administration upon the

estate of Marcus D. Burke late of DeKalb

county, Ala. deceased, have been granted to

the undersigned, on the 15th day of May,

1863, by the Probate Court of DeKalb

county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all

NOTICE

TO CONSORTS.

To all Persons between the ages of eight

teen and forty years—

In obedience to General Orders, No.

82, Adjutant and Inspector General's

Office, dated Nov. 2d, 1862, Col.

lumbiana, Shelby county, Talladega,

Talladega county, Jacksonville, Calhoun

county, Wedowee, Randolph county, are

herby appointed places of rendezvous

for Conscripits from the above named

counties, and Surgeon G. S. Bryant,

Asst. Surgeon J. B. Hinkle, and S. M.

Hogan, M. D., are the Board of Exam-

ining for the 4th Congressional Dis-

trict.

All persons in the 4th Congressional

District between the age of eighteen and

forty years, whether residents of any

other portion of the State or of other

States, in which the aforesaid orders

have not been suspended, are hereby

required to report themselves at the

place of rendezvous as aforesaid, to the

Examining Board and Enrolling Officer

for examination and enrolment, on the

days fixed in the annexed notice of the

Examining Board.

This notice includes every person be-

tween the ages specified—those who

have been heretofore examined and dis-

charged, either by State or Confederate

Surgeons; those who have at any time

been discharged from the army; those

who have furnished substitutes, and any

and all persons who claim exemption on

any ground whatever.

No person's discharge, exemption, or

detail from any source, will excuse from

attendance at the place appointed.

Attention is called to paragraph 13,

sections 2 and 3, General Orders, No.

82, as follows:

2. All laws and regulations applica-

ble to conscripts, shall be applied to such

conscripts as fail to report to the place

of rendezvous for enrolment, or who

shall desert after enrolment.

3. All the agencies employed for the

apprehension and confinement of des-

erters, and their transportation to the

commands of their respective comman-

Administrators Notice
 ETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the 18th of March, 1863, by the Probate Court of Chocoma County, Ala., on the estate of John, decd. all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to me, legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred, and all persons indebted to said estate requested to make payment to me immediately.
 N. A. LAWRENCE, Adm.

WHOLE NO. 1381

GENERAL BRAGG AND THE TENDER

An officer in General Bragg's army obtained a short leave of absence permit him to go home and attend to personal interests demanding his presence. Before his time of absence expired he requested a further leave of absence for thirty days, and professed to return a better soldier than he had ever

Before his request was approved, the various officers in command over him, who knew him to be a tried and faithful man, and finally by General Rugg. Before the thirty days' time allotted had expired, he again forwarded a communication desiring still further leave. His officers were astonished at his impudence and audacity, and each one in turn through whose hands it passed marked it "*disapproved*." Before the communication reached army

quarter, General Bragg was the recipient of a letter from this officer, who stated that he had made application for further leave, and gave as his reason that while our army was further advanced he had become engaged to a young lady from whom he had received a letter, which he enclosed. This delicate missive contained a sad and touching farewell to the young officer who had gained her affections. She ex-

ained that since the enemy had gained her homestead they had destroyed her property, taken everything from her and well nigh made her penniless. When she had engaged herself to her lover she was the possessor of property, and was in different circumstances. With this state of things existing, hard as she felt would be the trial to her, she had determined to release the object of her affections from an engagement made in her prosperity. The noble missive was

nched in such loving and gentle,
 enough prudent and touching language
 that it might well have drawn tears from
 the eyes of the iron warrior to whom it
 was presented. The officer added that
 the misfortune of his affianced had on-
 ly more endeared her to him, and this
 manifestation of her disinterested love
 and spirit had only inspired a stronger
 affection for so noble a woman. He de-
 clared still further holiday that he

might go to her and marry her, proving
his love was as pure as her own.
and, by making her his wife, endow his
property upon her in case he was made
the victim of a bullet. Gen. Bragg sent
directions to his bureau officer to send
him the communication so soon as it
should arrive, and regardless of the en-
forcement of "disapproved" made by
officers unaware of the circumstances, he
marked it "granted for thirty days,"
and endorsed upon the letter, "The la-

ONE OF THE INCIDENTS OF THE WAR.
A letter to the Petersburg Express records the burning of the large brick hotel at Chancellorsville, which had been converted into a hospital, and, 1862.

terrible to relate, one hundred and fifty wounded soldiers were burned alive, it being impossible to rescue the sufferers. One hundred of the number were Federals and fifty Confederates. This is one of the most melancholy incidents of the battle. The building was fired by a shell thrown by one of the enemy's guns, but whether purposely or accidentally is not stated.

from the neighborhood of Edwards' depot, who informs us that the rascals are making a clean sweep of everything in that vicinity. They have burned every gin and mill, and in many instances every building on nearly all the plantations--arrested the men and carried them off, leaving no white person but the women on the premises, and when the negroes remain they are all armed. Our informant says that a small force of soldiers would crush them at once.

R. D. KYLE, & CO.
Commission Merchants, and
General Agents.
CARSDEN, ALABAMA.
We buy or sell, LANDS, NEGRO STOCK PRODUCE

Parties HAVING LAND to sell in this section, by calling on us, can secure purchasers. Parties desiring to buy lands can be accommodated with almost any description of place, as we have a number of places for sale, from 120 acres to 1500 acres in a tract, and varying in price from \$500 to \$4,500.

Some valuable Iron Property, and

Water Power for sale.
Gadsden Ala. Jan. 22, 1894.

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

June 20, 1863.

FOR GOVERNOR.

JOHN GILL SHORTER,

OF BARBOUR.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS.

HON. J. L. M. CHURCH,

OF TALLADEGA.

OUR friends of S. A. WYATT, announce

him as a candidate for reelection to the

office of Circuit Clerk of St. Clair county.

Election first Monday in August next.

We are authorized to announce Col.

W. B. MARTIN, as a candidate for Repres-

entative of Calhoun county in the next Leg-

islature.

The friends of Col. G.

C. ELLIS announce him as a

candidate for Senator in the State

Legislature at the approaching election.

The friends of E. T. READ, Esq.,

announce him as a candidate for Repres-

entative of Calhoun county, in the next Legisla-

ture.

We are authorized to announce

REV. F. M. TREADAWAY,

as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun

County—Election first Monday in August

next.

We are authorized to announce

GRAHAM, as a candidate for Tax Col-

lector of Calhoun County. Election first

Monday in August next.

We are authorized to announce

F. M. GOODE, Esq., as a candidate for Tax As-

essor of St. Clair county.

We are authorized to announce

R. B. KYLE, Esq., as a candidate for the House

from Cherokee county. Election first Mon-

day in August.

The friends of Rev. J. G. BRYANT,

announce him as a candidate for Represen-

tative at the ensuing election.

Mr. J. F. GRANT—The friends of Jacob

W. WINSANT wish to announce him as a

candidate to represent the people of Calhoun

county, in the next General Assembly.

RAY VOTER.

Hon. J. L. M. Church will speak in

Jacksonville, Thursday 9th of July.

Ladies, Wednesday 10th

Oxford, Saturday 11th

at 11 A. M. Ladies are invited to attend.

VICKSBURG.

We are still unable to relieve the

great anxiety and suspense which has

existed for some weeks relative to the

fate of this important stronghold of the

South.

The Yankees have no doubt been

heavily reinforced and are using their

utmost exertions to ensure a victory so

essential to their future success; and

their correspondents and papers con-

tinently predict the downfall and capture

of the place.

On the other hand Gen. Johnston ap-

pears to be constantly massing a large

force, and collecting all the materials

necessary for a sure and certain victory in

the end. Port Hudson still holds out,

and Gen. Kirby Smith has cut off Grant's

supplies from above, at Milliken's Bend.

Thus the besiegers are in turn besieg-

ed. All the accounts from official re-

ports, letters and passengers, represent

the prospects of the success of the Con-

federates as most encouraging, and ex-

press the opinion that the Yankee army

will very soon be captured or compelled

to raise the siege. In every assault

thus far, the Yankees have met with a

most decisive and bloody repulse, with

a loss in all, variously estimated at from

40,000 to 50,000. Ah, yes, they are

getting their Mississippi flumes many of

them less than six feet by four, large

enough for a dead Yankee, but not suf-

ficient to satisfy the cupidity and avar-

ice of the Yankees, who are determined

to have them all, for the purpose of

building a railroad from the Gulf to the

North, and thus to "free expression of

opinion on any public issue will be toler-

ated." In commenting on this latter

point of impudent inconsistency, the

Mobile Advertiser says:

"If that isn't the Devil quoting Scripture,

we are at a loss for an illustration. These

men have not only the most efficient of

New Orleans, men, women and children, from

their homes, and stolen the property they

left behind. And for what crime? Was it

for 'free speech'? Not at all; but for

'free thinking'—for thinking and not keep-

ing their tongues shut, and for preferring

the thought to themselves, that they pre-

ferred the Confederate to the Yankee Gov-

ernment. 'Free speech' in a city where three

gentlemen cannot meet in the street and talk

about the weather, or the best new novel, or

without being rudely dispersed by an armed

police!"

RETRIBUTION.

Some discussion is now going on in the

papers as to the policy or propriety of adopt-

ing more extreme measures or mode of war-

fare, in order to bring the increasingly inhu-

manitarianism of the Yankees. We are of the

opinion that this question will be settled by

the "stern logic of events," and that if the

Yankees do not desist from their fanatical

and threatened purpose of destroying the

crop, burning houses and all agricultural im-

plements, that it will not require military

dicta or official proclamations to bring down

upon them the so retributive of an over-

reached, outraged and indignant people. Nev-

ertheless, it would be but right that the

people should be assured of the protection of

the government and army, to the utmost ex-

tent of power, in their effort for self defence

and self preservation, and we don't see this

assurance will be given at the proper time.

THE WHEAT CROP AND GOVERNMENT

Interference.

Already, it seems, the Government has sent

out large numbers of agents to enquire as

much as possible of the present wheat crop.

This we think, for several reasons, to be

bad policy, and likely to result in evil both to

the government and people. Should there be

large quantities of wheat purchased by the

government, and collected in large amounts

at various points, it is more than probable

that much of it will rot and rot, before it

is needed for use. Besides wherever collect-

ed in quantities it would be an object for

speculation and destruction by the enemy at

which game they have heretofore been only too

successful.

It is true the government must and should

first provide for the armies in the field; and

if their wants were pressing, large ex-

penditures at the risk of destruction and cap-

ture, would be justifiable, or if there was

the least danger that it would be taken out of

the country. But this is not the case. If

the Yankees make their threatened raids all

over the country, the wheat crop would cer-

tainly be much safer dispersed about in the

hands of planters, than collected in large

quantities at a few places. Good judges too, have

calculated from correct data, that the produce of

every tenth bushel would very nearly supply

the army. But even admitting it would not,

the government going in to the market in

hot haste proposing the highest price, can have

no other effect than to increase the price to an

unnatural standard, both to the farmer and the

large class of non-producers. Under the existing

law, the government has the control of the

supply of wheat crop, as well as corn, oats,

potatoes, and in whatever quantities it

may be needed; even if large quantities get

into the hands of speculators, that portion can

be taken by the government at prices fixed by

its own commissioners.

Many other suggestions might be given, which

will naturally suggest themselves to those who

will reflect on the subject.

Attention is invited to the notice

of recruits wanted in Capt. White's, (for-

merly Draper's) company. This will be

found an excellent opportunity to get

into a company of established character

the officers of which are well known in

this community.

We have been shown by Daniel

Hoke, Esq. some fine specimens of wheat

heads 6 inches long, raised by Samuel

Cook and R. A. Ingram.

Mr. GRANT: After consulting many

notables of Calhoun county, I find not only

a willingness but an anxiety with all

with whom I have conversed, that

WILLIAM M. HANES, Esq., would con-

sent that his name might be used as a

candidate for the Representative branch of

the Legislature, at the next general elec-

tion.

A. VOTER.

Extract of a letter to the Alabama

Reporter, from the 5th Ala. Reg. dated

Santee, Caroline Co., May 23d 1863.

After mentioning some of the inci-

dents of the battles of Chancellorsville

and Wilderness Church, and the death of

Henry C. Estill, the writer says:

"Upon this same field fell another,

whose place in our midst none other

can fill. The leader of our company;

and at the time he fell, the leader of the

Regiment. Captain W. T. Benfro re-

ceived his death wound just as the

glorious shout of victory rang from one

end of our brigade to the other. The voices

of his comrades, as they occupied the

heights at Chancellorsville, seemed to

re-echo the life of the bullets of the ene-

my had so nearly extinguished; and

though at that time too much exhausted

to speak, the light which once, in the

hour of victory, shone from the brow

of Lawrence, seemed to animate his. He

was pierced by four bullets, two of which

inflicted mortal wounds, yet he survived

for five days; and though he suffered

more than he seemed human nature

could endure, he bore all with the same

unflinching courage and fortitude, which

marked his carriage in battle. In his

death, his family has been robbed of its

brightest, its youngest, its best beloved!

To

reach this, it was necessary to descend

a slope for 250 yards, the surface of

which was broken with deep gullies,

and covered with fallen timber. Down

this our men rushed in double quick,

took a moment's rest at the bottom and

then commenced the steep ascent beyond

The slope is covered with an abutment

of heavy timber, beyond which is a high

rail fence, then a ditch ten feet in depth

then a nearly perpendicular ascent some

twelve feet in height, and then the Rebel

parapet and side pit, protected by a

strong stockade ten feet in height.

The ditches around the works were

commanded by an enfilading fire from

guns mounted on traverses, while to the

right and left were works and buildings

and other objects, behind which Rebel

sharpshooters could find protection and

pour a destructive fire upon an enemy,

after as well as before they had gained

the interior of their main works.

The 13th Infantry, 4th Virginia,

47th Ohio, 127th Illinois, 6th and 8th

Missouri, and possibly one or two other

regiments gained the ditch. The con-

flict was "short and decisive." In

twenty minutes the brigades had ascen-

ded the hill and returned a minute or

eight hundred men. The Rebels now

came down our gallant fellows with grape,

canister and musketry; they were pro-

tecting, we had nothing to shield us

from the deadly storm.

The brigade under Gen. Thayer ad-

vanced and fell back after suffering a

slight loss. Had McClelland advanced

as was intended, the capture of Vicks-

burg would undoubtedly have taken

place at the time of the first assault.

REBEL COURAGE.

Many of our wounded were left on

the field until after dark, particularly

those who were lying close to the Rebel

works. About midnight the enemy

called to our skirmishers not to fire up

on them, as they were about to carry

in some of our wounded. At the same

time they built a fire upon the parapets

of their works, stuck up a small white

flag by it, and called to our men to

come and carry off the wounded, as

they would not be disturbed. This was

done by the ambulance corps; guided

by the fire, they went all over the ground

covered by the light, even in the ditch-

es before the works, and before morn-

ing had secured every wounded man

left upon the field.

ANOTHER ASSAULT AND REPULSE.

Wednesday and Thursday were given

up to the artillery, and to getting our

men ready for another attack, which

took place at 4 p. m. on Friday.

Jacksonville Republican.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

June 27, 1863.
FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN GILL SHORTER,
OF HARBOR.
FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS,
MON. J. L. H. CUREY,
OF TALLADEGA.

The Friends of Col. G. C. HILLS announce him as a candidate for Senator in the State Legislature at the approaching election.

The Friends of Hon. THOMAS A. WALKER announce him as a candidate for Senator in the State Legislature at the approaching election.

We are authorized to announce Col. Wm. B. MARTIN, as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county in the next Legislature.

The Friends of E. T. READ, Esq. announce him as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county in the next Legislature.

The Friends of Rev. J. G. BRYANT announce him as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county in the next Legislature.

Mr. J. P. GRAY—The friends of Jacob W. WALKER announce him as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county in the next Legislature.

The Friends of CAPT. WM. M. HANES announce him as a candidate for Representative of Calhoun county in the next Legislature.

We are authorized to announce R. D. KYLE, Esq., as a candidate for the House from Calhoun county.

The Friends of S. A. WYATT announce him as a candidate for reelection to the office of Circuit Clerk of St. Clair county.

We are authorized to announce the name of **REV. F. M. TRULADAWAY**, as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Calhoun County.

We are authorized to announce H. GRAHAM, as a candidate for Tax Collector of Calhoun County.

We are authorized to announce P. M. GOODE, Esq., as a candidate for Tax Assessor of St. Clair County.

Hon. J. L. M. GRAY will speak in Jacksonville on Thursday 26th of July, Friday 27th, Saturday 28th, and Sunday 29th.

WAR WAR!
All persons having debts in my office had better take warning, and come and take them out. "A word to the wise" these war times I suppose will be sufficient. June 25, 1863. A. HUGHES, Judge of Probate.

Dear Meeting in the North.
There is still a tremendous upheaval of the masses at the North—large meetings and conventions continue to be held at which Lincoln's war policy is openly denounced and peace unreservedly advocated. The Union Democrats and conservatives have joined the unconditional peace party, and all advocate an immediate cessation of hostilities.

At a recent meeting in Newark, N. J., a file of Federal soldiers was sent to overtake the assembly, when they were notified by the sheriff of the county, that if they did not immediately withdraw, he would call out the militia. They prudently took his advice and retired.

The reader will find in to-day's paper some interesting extracts from the speech of Fernando Wood and the address of the peace Convention recently held in New York.

JACKSONVILLE FINANCIAL ACADEMY.

The examination of the pupils of this institution took place on Friday last, the day was pleasant, and a large audience—constant attendance. The Academy was tastefully and beautifully decorated, with wreaths of flowers and evergreens, as female hands alone could accomplish; appropriate mottoes adorned the walls, ingeniously wrought with evergreens, but one of which we remember—"Valor secures Freedom: Education preserves it."

We regret that our limited space will not permit us to go into any satisfactory detail of the admirable manner in which all the classes answered the most intricate and abstruse questions, and sustaining themselves throughout a most scrutinizing examination. It will be sufficient to say however, that the examination fully sustained the well earned reputation of the competent and accomplished teachers, Mr. M. D. Caldwell, and Miss CARIE WOODWARD.

Editor Jacksonville Republican. Please announce through the columns of your paper, that the friends of M. H. Cruikshank will cordially support him, if a candidate, to represent this District in the next Congress of the Confederate States, and much oblige a large number of VOTERS.

SALT, SALT, SALT.
GADSDEN, ALA., June 19, 1863.
MR GRANT

SIR:—I desire to call the attention of your readers in St. Clair, DeKalb, Calhoun and Talladega counties to the fact that after this date the price of salt will be increased to \$4 per bushel, and the expense of transportation and sale. This increase in price is owing to the fact that the contractors in Virginia, in consequence of the high prices of provisions, fuel and labor, refused to deliver any salt after the 1st of April for less than \$4 per bushel. The Governor, consulting the interest of the people, wisely agreed to pay the increased compensation, and has now the assurance of more rapid deliveries of salt. This increase in the cost of salt at the works will make it cost about \$17 per sack at Gadsden. I am still receiving orders by mail for salt—notwithstanding my notice in a former communication that I did not register in advance, and that parties must be represented in person, or by agent. The anxiety to secure salt is so great, were I to take money in advance it would be paid in in such quantities that it would require two clerks to register names and two iron safes to hold the money, so I give notice again, that I keep no register in advance and receive no money.

Respectfully,
R. B. KYLE,
Salt Agent.

Latest News.
FROM VIRGINIA.

FROM VIRGINIA.
RICHMOND, June 18.
Passengers by the Central train this evening bring but little additional news from Winchester. The number of Yankee prisoners taken by Ewell is fully 7,000 and from 2,000 to 3,000 horses and an immense number of wagons.

SECOND DISPATCH.
The Yankees have entirely disappeared from Stafford county, (opposite Fredericksburg.)
The buildings at Aquia Creek were not destroyed.
The citizens of Fredericksburg, so long exiled, are preparing to re-occupy their homes.

A lady from Northern Va., now in Richmond, states that before the capture of Winchester, Milroy notified the commander of the rebel army that he would burn the town if an attempt was made to storm his position. Ewell reported that the town was burned. It is reported that Ewell has taken Harper's Ferry with immense stores and is now en route to Frederick City, Maryland.

A heavy explosion was heard to day in the direction of Aquia Creek. It is thought the enemy are blowing up the wharves and buildings at that point.
The poor people of Fredericksburg are reaping a rich harvest of the spoils of the enemy's deserted camp at Stafford.

RICHMOND, June 19.
The late apprehension of a drought in this vicinity has been relieved by a copious and refreshing rain last night. It is reported that the wife of General Milroy was captured on Sunday at Martinsburg.
The Sentinel of this city says it has received a number of communications indignantly denying that our cavalry were surprised at Brandy Station.

From Mississippi.
Another Furious Assault on Vicksburg.
Enemy Repulsed and Routed.

THEIR LOSS ESTIMATED AT TEN THOUSAND.

JACKSON, June 10.
On Saturday morning at 2 o'clock, the enemy made another furious assault on our lines in the rear of Vicksburg. The action lasted until 10 a. m. and ended in the total rout of the enemy. The enemy from the neighborhood report that the fire of musketry exceeded anything ever heard. The loss of the enemy was heavier than in any other attack. Nothing whatever is known in regard to our loss, but it is certain that another great victory has been gained.

JACKSON, June 22.
A special correspondent of the Jackson Mississippiian estimates the loss of the enemy on Saturday at 10,000. He also states the enemy are throwing pontoon bridges across Big Black—between the railroad bridge and Baldwin's Ferry near Warrenton.

It is reported that our forces have taken Union Bluffs, on the Yazoo river.

Formerly stationed near Mobile, Ala. at Bayou La Motte, sixteen miles below Alexandria.
Gen. Magruder has his eyes fixed on Vicksburg, and is co-operating with his fellow soldiers near the scene of action. The foregoing facts may be relied on for their general accuracy; and they put a new face on the great campaign in the Valley. Pemberton and Gardner shut up in their strongholds, with plenty to eat and drink, and ample powder, and ball for the entertainment of the enemy—dofy and laugh at the hosts who are scowling and digging outside of the works. While Grant sits down quietly—that is, as quietly as Big Black water and the sun and musketry will permit—to starve out Pemberton, Kirby Smith, Price and Taylor are arranging little details to starve him out, and compel him to abandon his unwholly locality.

Once again, our climate comes to our aid. The rivers have fallen with unwonted rapidity and the enemy's vessels, stranded on sand-banks, are beauty spots on the picturesque scenes of the great river. If Grant is forced to retire, many of the vessels of the Yankee fleet must be lost. When security, bad water, malaria and deporalization have done their work upon Grant's hosts, Johnston's opportunity will have arrived and we have strong hopes that a combined attack between him and Pemberton will result in realizing one of those "pulverizing" military operations of which we read so much in Northern papers.

We think the "situation" greatly relieved, and we certainly "breathe freer," and we can now await events with more becoming patience.

Mobile Reg., 17th.

Latest News.
FROM VIRGINIA.

FROM VIRGINIA.
RICHMOND, June 18.
Passengers by the Central train this evening bring but little additional news from Winchester. The number of Yankee prisoners taken by Ewell is fully 7,000 and from 2,000 to 3,000 horses and an immense number of wagons.

SECOND DISPATCH.
The Yankees have entirely disappeared from Stafford county, (opposite Fredericksburg.)
The buildings at Aquia Creek were not destroyed.
The citizens of Fredericksburg, so long exiled, are preparing to re-occupy their homes.

A lady from Northern Va., now in Richmond, states that before the capture of Winchester, Milroy notified the commander of the rebel army that he would burn the town if an attempt was made to storm his position. Ewell reported that the town was burned. It is reported that Ewell has taken Harper's Ferry with immense stores and is now en route to Frederick City, Maryland.

A heavy explosion was heard to day in the direction of Aquia Creek. It is thought the enemy are blowing up the wharves and buildings at that point.
The poor people of Fredericksburg are reaping a rich harvest of the spoils of the enemy's deserted camp at Stafford.

RICHMOND, June 19.
The late apprehension of a drought in this vicinity has been relieved by a copious and refreshing rain last night. It is reported that the wife of General Milroy was captured on Sunday at Martinsburg.
The Sentinel of this city says it has received a number of communications indignantly denying that our cavalry were surprised at Brandy Station.

From Mississippi.
Another Furious Assault on Vicksburg.
Enemy Repulsed and Routed.

THEIR LOSS ESTIMATED AT TEN THOUSAND.

JACKSON, June 10.
On Saturday morning at 2 o'clock, the enemy made another furious assault on our lines in the rear of Vicksburg. The action lasted until 10 a. m. and ended in the total rout of the enemy. The enemy from the neighborhood report that the fire of musketry exceeded anything ever heard. The loss of the enemy was heavier than in any other attack. Nothing whatever is known in regard to our loss, but it is certain that another great victory has been gained.

JACKSON, June 22.
A special correspondent of the Jackson Mississippiian estimates the loss of the enemy on Saturday at 10,000. He also states the enemy are throwing pontoon bridges across Big Black—between the railroad bridge and Baldwin's Ferry near Warrenton.

It is reported that our forces have taken Union Bluffs, on the Yazoo river.

with the enemy's cavalry, all resulting successfully to our side.

HARRISBURG, June 19.
Confederate forces are north of Green-castle. Six regiments of mounted infantry are unengaged at Williamsport, north of the Potomac. Four regiments are at Hagerstown, mostly cavalry; 8 miles below Chambersburg. A portion of the Confederate cavalry are at Mechanicsburg, going to Hancock. The Confederates are pulling all citizens fresh troops are arriving at Harrisburg but not so rapidly as the State authorities wish.
Stuart's cavalry occupied Littleton today, ten miles from Gettysburg. Farmers in the Valley are sending their horses and cattle to the mountains.

KNOXVILLE, June 22.
Some raiders left here on Saturday at 10 o'clock and reached Strawberry Point at 5 p. m. After a brisk fire of half an hour our troops were captured. The enemy paroled 130 prisoners, burnt the bridge, depot buildings and three or four private dwellings and rifled others.
Nashville papers of the 16th have been received.
The New York Times of the 18th says that Lee's army, 90,000 strong, is marching Northward. Hooker's army is also marching on to prevent the advance.

The Gov. of Ohio calls for 30,000, and the Gov. of Pennsylvania for 50,000 men to prevent the invasion of those States.

Dates from Washington of the 15th state that Lincoln has issued a proclamation for 100,000 men to repel the invasion of Maryland, Northern Virginia, Pennsylvania and Ohio.

Harrisburg dispatches state that dis- tances from Chambersburg, and Hagerstown say that the rebel cavalry were at Perryville, and Martinsburg on the 14th. Hard fighting was then going on. The Rebels had driven Reynolds from Perryville, and were advancing on the Capital town and cities throughout Pennsylvania, which were in danger.
Later private dispatches state that on the 16th the rebels were at Chambersburg in force. The Federals were removing the railroad machinery, stock and stores, and the greatest excitement and alarm prevailed.

OBITUARY.

KILLED.—On the battlefield of Salem Chapel, near Fredericksburg, Va., May 3d, 1863, Addison Lanford in his 20th year, leaving aged parents, no sisters and two brothers bound to mourn his loss. The deceased was an industrious and promising young man—had just set out in the world for himself, in prime of manhood, when the war broke out. Feeling it his duty, like many others, to serve his country in its struggle, he was among the first to volunteer his services. He joined Capt. F. Woodruff's company (D) 10th Ala. Regt. and went to Virginia to share the hardships of a soldier. He was well beloved as a citizen, and as a soldier, the whole company laments his loss. He made a good soldier and a good man. The writer being one of his intimates, never knew him to shrink or to murmur, and he was always ready to do his duty and willing, with alacrity, to do his duty. Moreover, he was kind and attentive to the sick; when in want nothing was too much to do for them if in his power.
The deceased had been a member of the Baptist church several years, and professed to be a faithful follower of its teachings. A few weeks previous to his death he expressed himself to a friend "that he was greatly attached to his father's family, and more especially to his dear mother, and that he would like to see them one more; but, if it was God's will that he should not, he had no fears of death; and expressed a great hope in Christ." It is hoped that his spirit now reigns in eternal glory, where there is no more parting of relatives and friends, where there is no war or rumors of war, but one everlasting day of joy and peace. Weep no longer, parents, brothers and sisters; he died in a noble cause—the fell like a gallant hero at his last, intensely and valorously fighting in defense of his country. God saw fit to take him to his eternal home—sooner or later we shall all have to follow. B. M.

AS The obituary notice of Z. M. Pirkle will be published next week.

STOP THE THIEVES.
\$100 REWARD.
Two young men, about 20 years of age, stole two horses from W. D. Seymour, near Louisa, Randolph county on the night of the 23d June.
One of the men called his name Crenshaw, and the other Mays, alias Loversly. The first named has dark hair and skin, and the other light hair and fair skin.
One of the men is of a blackish brown, blaze in her face, one eye out, 12 or 13 years old. The other a Filly, 4 years old, a light bay, round bodied.
The above reward will be given for the capture of these, or \$500 for the mare alone. June 27, 21. W. D. SEYMOUR.

STOCK HOLDERS CONVENTION AT SHELBY SPRINGS.

ON Wednesday, the 8th day of July at the Shelby Springs, the Stock Holders of the Ala. & Tenn. Rivers Rail Road Company, will hold their annual convention for the purpose of electing officers, receiving a report of the operations of the road for the last twelve months, and transacting other important business. The stock of every one should be represented. Twelve months ago, for want of representation of a majority of the stock, there was no convention held, and therefore no officers elected. All those who own or control stock are earnestly requested to attend the Convention or send in their proxies. A failure to hold a Convention on the 8th of July will result in serious injury to the Company. Then let every one who cannot attend in person sign a proxy and let some one represent their stock.

Administrators Notice.
LAST WILL of administration upon the estate of C. L. Morgan deceased, deceased, the 23d day of June, 1863, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

Administrators Notice.
LAST WILL of administration upon the estate of C. L. Morgan deceased, deceased, the 23d day of June, 1863, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

Administrators Notice.
LAST WILL of administration upon the estate of C. L. Morgan deceased, deceased, the 23d day of June, 1863, by the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala. Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred; and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR OF ALABAMA.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
MONTGOMERY, ALA., June 16, 1863.

The President of the Confederate States has made a requisition on the State of Alabama, for seven thousand troops, for six months service from the 1st day of August next. These troops will be mustered into the service of the Confederate States, but held for local defense within the limits of this State. If not promptly raised by voluntary enlistments under the Act of Congress—To provide for local defense and special service," approved August 21st, 1861, which is hereby annexed—they will be immediately drafted from the body of the Militia. Orders to the commanding officers of Divisions and Brigades are now being prepared, directing the enforcement of draft, unless the volunteer companies are raised and tendered on or before the 25th day of July next.

The advantages of organizations, under the act of Congress mentioned, are so manifest, that I cannot doubt that the troops will be promptly tendered under the Act. These advantages are—that the companies will elect their own officers—and, as the efficiency of the companies will depend much upon the skill of their officers, this important point may be secured, by selections of commanders from those in the State who have acquired experience in the service. After organization and muster into service, they will be permitted to remain at home, engaged in their usual avocations, and will be called out by the President only in case of need, to defend their own State from invasion. They will be subsisted and paid by the Confederate Government, while in actual service, and when the season is past, they will be dismissed to their homes, subject to further calls as emergencies may demand. The muster rolls will set forth distinctly that the company organizations are for the special service of local defense, within the State of Alabama, and subject, for a period of six months, to the orders of the President for that purpose.

To encourage the most rapid organizations, I have divided the State into three military divisions—Northern, Middle and Southern.
The Northern Division embraces the following brigades and counties: 1st, Madison; 2d, Jefferson and St. Clair; 4th, Franklin and Lawrence; 10th, Jackson; 12th, Blount and Morgan; 16th, Calhoun, Randolph and Talladega; 19th, Fayette, Mariak, Walker and Winston; 18th, Cherokee, DeKalb and Marshall.

The Middle Division embraces the 5th Brigade of Pickens and Tuscaloosa; 6th, Choctaw, Marengo and Sumter; 7th, Dallas and Wilcox; 14th, Greene and Perry; 15th, Autauga and Montgomery; 18th, Chambers, Coosa and Tallapoosa; and the 20th, Bibb and Shelby.

The Southern Division embraces the 8th Brigade of Butler, Conecuh, Corbington and Monroe; 9th, Mobile; 11th, Barbour, Coffee, Dale and Henry; 13th, Lowndes and Pike; 21st, Macon; 22nd, Baldwin, Clarke and Washington.
The companies formed within these several Divisions may, if they see fit, limit their service to the counties comprising the divisions in which they are raised, subject, however, to the condition that, in case of emergency, they may be ordered into either of the other divisions. They will be accepted as infantry or mounted men, and will be organized into battalions or regiments before or after muster into Confederate service; if before, the men will elect their field officers, and if after the muster, the field officers will be appointed by the President. It will thus be seen that every possible facility is afforded for volunteer organizations for home defense.

Should the volunteer companies not be promptly raised, such failure will force the necessity of a draft from the Militia; to be mustered at once into the Confederate service, and subject to be ordered by the President into any camp in any portion of the State he may determine, and for the period of six months.

But State pride and the material interest of society alike forbid a resort to the draft for the first time in Alabama, and the proud spirit of her people should urge them to respond, without delay, by volunteer enlistment.

As a similar demand has been made upon other States, it will not be in the power of the Confederacy to arm all of the troops, and it is therefore expected that each volunteer who can command serviceable arms will provide them.

The War Department will do everything in its power to supply deficiencies. Each company must contain one Captain, one first and two second lieutenants, five Sergeants, four Corporals, and not less than sixty-four privates.
But few companies of State Guards have been tendered under my Proclamation of 23d December last. All members of such organizations, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, who are liable to militia duty, will be subject to draft unless they volunteer in companies under the act of Congress hereinbefore mentioned; and no other company of State Guards will be accepted unless it contains the requisite number of men not liable to the draft. It is earnestly hoped, however, that these organizations may proceed, and that all our population able to bear arms may unite in some of the organizations now called for so as to secure the most efficient protection to the State.
Fellow citizens of Alabama! Need I again appeal to you to organize for the

defense of your State and people? Need I again urge you to be ready to meet the emergency? I need not repeat what I have said in my former proclamations, and I need not repeat what I have said in my former proclamations, and I need not repeat what I have said in my former proclamations.

By the Governor,
J. H. BRITAIN,
Secretary of State.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.
I, Matthew Pirkle, late of Calhoun county, deceased having been granted on the 11th day of April, 1863, by John A. Woods, Judge of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala., notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred; and all persons indebted will please make immediate payment.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.
I, Matthew Pirkle, late of Calhoun county, deceased having been granted on the 11th day of April, 1863, by John A. Woods, Judge of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala., notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred; and all persons indebted will please make immediate payment.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.
I, Matthew Pirkle, late of Calhoun county, deceased having been granted on the 11th day of April, 1863, by John A. Woods, Judge of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala., notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred; and all persons indebted will please make immediate payment.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.
I, Matthew Pirkle, late of Calhoun county, deceased having been granted on the 11th day of April, 1863, by John A. Woods, Judge of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala., notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred; and all persons indebted will please make immediate payment.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.
I, Matthew Pirkle, late of Calhoun county, deceased having been granted on the 11th day of April, 1863, by John A. Woods, Judge of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala., notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred; and all persons indebted will please make immediate payment.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.
I, Matthew Pirkle, late of Calhoun county, deceased having been granted on the 11th day of April, 1863, by John A. Woods, Judge of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala., notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred; and all persons indebted will please make immediate payment.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.
I, Matthew Pirkle, late of Calhoun county, deceased having been granted on the 11th day of April, 1863, by John A. Woods, Judge of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala., notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred; and all persons indebted will please make immediate payment.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.
I, Matthew Pirkle, late of Calhoun county, deceased having been granted on the 11th day of April, 1863, by John A. Woods, Judge of the Probate court of Calhoun county, Ala., notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred; and all persons indebted will please make immediate payment.